

## Anti-SARS-CoV-2 N protein Human IgM ELISA kit datasheet

For the qualitative detection of Anti-SARS-CoV-2 N protein human IgM in serum or plasma.

**For research use only, not for clinical diagnosis.**

### general information

Catalogue Number	KE30002
Product Name	Anti-SARS-CoV-2 N protein Human IgM ELISA Kit (Antigen coated)
Species cross-reactivity	Anti-SARS-CoV-2 N protein Human IgM
Tested applications	Qualitative detection ELISA

### kit components & storage

Microplate - N protein coated 96 - well Microplate (8 well × 12 strips)	1 plate	<b>Unopened Kit:</b> Store at 2-8°C for 6 months or -20°C for 12 months
Standard - 200 ng/bottle; lyophilized*	1 bottle	
HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM antibody (100X) - 120 µL/vial	1 vial	
Sample Diluent PT 4B1 - 30 mL/bottle	2 bottles	<b>Opened Kit:</b> All reagents could be stored at 2-8°C for 7 days
Detection Diluent - 30 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Wash Buffer Concentrate (20X) - 30 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Tetramethylbenzidine Substrate (TMB) - 12 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Stop Solution - 12 mL/bottle	1 bottle	
Plate Cover Seals	2 pieces	<b>Please use a new standard for each assay</b>

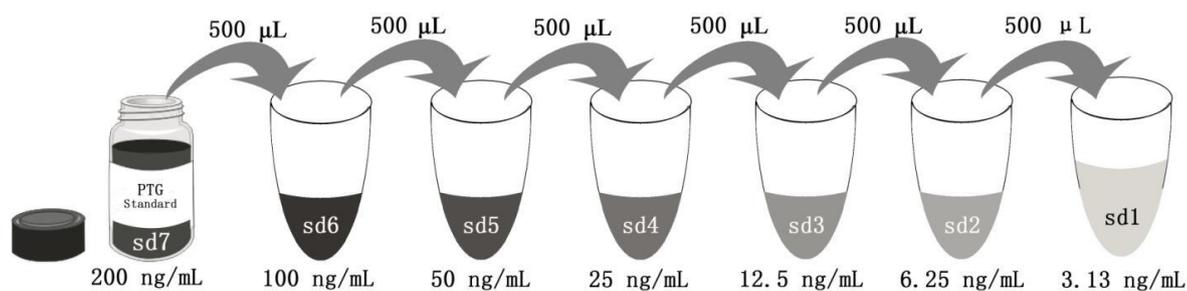
**NB: Do not use the kit after the expiration date.**

**This kit is for research use only.**

Sample Diluent PT 4B1 is for protein standard and samples.

Detection Diluent is for HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM antibody.

\*Add 1 mL Sample Diluent PT 4B1 in standard. This reconstitution gives a stock solution of 200 ng/mL.



Add # µL of Standard diluted in the previous step	—	500 µL					
# µL of Sample Diluent PT 4B1	<b>1000 µL</b>	500 µL					
	"sd7"	"sd6"	"sd5"	"sd4"	"sd3"	"sd2"	"sd1"

## product description

KE30002 is a quantitative measurement of Anti-SARS-CoV-2 protein human IgM for 2019-nCoV N protein in serum and plasma. The principle of the kit is indirect ELISA. Nucleocapsid Recombinant Protein has been pre-coated onto microplate well. The samples are added to the well, after incubation the wells are washed and a horseradish peroxidase conjugated anti-Human IgM is added to each well. Producing an complex "Recombinant Protein–human anti-N protein IgM antibody-HRP conjugated second antibody". after incubation the wells are washed, followed by Tetramethyl-benzidine (TMB) reagent. Solution containing sulfuric acid is used to stop color development and the color intensity which is proportional to the quantity of bound protein is measurable at 450 nm with the correction wavelength set at 630 nm.

## background

Coronaviruses are enveloped viruses with a positive-sense RNA genome and with a nucleocapsid of helical symmetry. Coronavirus nucleoproteins localize to the cytoplasm and the nucleolus, a subnuclear structure, in both virus-infected primary cells and in cells transfected with plasmids that express N protein. Coronavirus N protein is required for coronavirus RNA synthesis and has RNA chaperone activity that may be involved in template switch. Nucleocapsid protein is a most abundant protein of coronavirus. During virion assembly, N protein binds to viral RNA and leads to formation of the helical nucleocapsid. Nucleocapsid protein is a highly immunogenic phosphoprotein also implicated in viral genome replication and in modulating cell signaling pathways. Because of the conservation of N protein sequence and its strong immunogenicity, the N protein of coronavirus is chosen as a diagnostic tool. COVID-19 antibodies can be produced by a host immune system following exposure to SARS-CoV-2. IgG and IgM antibodies are also known as immunoglobulins IgG and IgM, respectively, and are among the antibody isotypes produced by vertebrate immune systems. The ELISA microplate is coated with the SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid (N) protein. The coated N protein binds with COVID-19 IgM N antibodies in the serum sample.

## reagent preparation

### A. HRP-conjugated secondary antibody

**B. Dilute HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM antibody 1:100 using Detection Diluent prior to assay. Suggested 1:100 dilution: 10 µL 100X HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM antibody + 990 µL Detection Diluent.**

### C. Wash Buffer

Allow the **20X Wash Buffer** to reach room temperature before use. Dilute entire 30 mL of **20X Wash Buffer concentrate** with 570 mL deionized, distilled water. If crystals remain in the concentrate, warm to 37°C and mix gently until the crystals have dissolved completely. Store at 2–8°C.

## sample preparation

The plasma sample may require proper dilution to fall within the range of the assay. A range of dilutions like 1:100 is suggested according to the individual samples. Severe hemolytic samples should not be used.

## safety notes

This product is sold for lab research and development use ONLY and not for use in humans or animals.

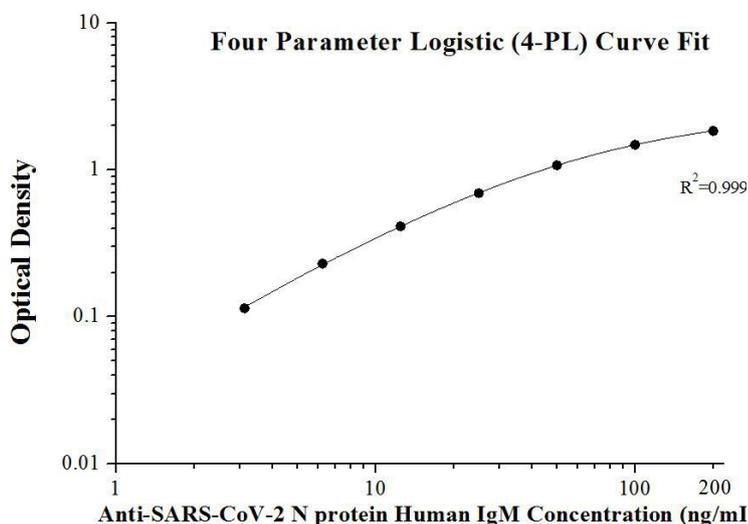
Avoid any skin and eye contact with Stop Solution and TMB. In case of contact, wash thoroughly with water.

## assay procedure summary

Step	Reagent	Volume	Incubation	Wash	Notes
1	Standard and Samples	100 µL	<b>30 min</b>	4 times	Cover Wells incubate at room temperature (25 °C)
2	Diluent 1X <b>HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM antibody</b> Solution	100 µL	30 min	4 times	Cover Wells incubate at room temperature (25 °C)
3	TMB Substrate	100 µL	10-15 min	Do not wash	Cover Wells incubate at room temperature (25 °C)
4	Stop Solution	100 µL	0 min	Do not wash	-
5	Read plate at 450 nm and 630 nm immediately after adding Stop solution. DO NOT exceed 5 minutes.				

## typical data

These standard curves are provided for demonstration only. A standard curve should be generated for each set of samples assayed.



(ng/mL)	O.D	Average	Corrected
0	0.012	0.012	—
	0.012		
3.13	0.122	0.126	0.114
	0.13		
6.25	0.241	0.242	0.23
	0.243		
12.5	0.42	0.425	0.413
	0.429		
25	0.717	0.706	0.694
	0.694		
50	1.086	1.085	1.073
	1.084		
100	1.485	1.493	1.481
	1.501		
200	1.868	1.852	1.84
	1.835		

## assay procedure in summary

Please Note:

- Equilibrate all reagents and samples at room temperature before use.
  - Gently mix each reagent before use.
  - It is recommended to assay all controls, and samples in duplicate.
1. Place a sufficient number of microwell strips in a holder to run controls and samples in duplicate.
  2. Add 100  $\mu$ L each of standard and 1:100 diluted samples into the microwells.
  3. Mix gently and cover the plate with one plate cover seal. Incubate at room temperature (25 $^{\circ}$ C) for 30 minutes.
  4. Remove the plate cover seal. Aspirate the contents of each well. Wash each well 4 times by dispensing 350 $\mu$ L of diluted 1X wash solution into each well.
  5. Add 100  $\mu$ L of the 1x **HRP-conjugated anti-human IgM antibody** Solution into the microwells.
  6. Mix gently and cover the plate with one plate cover seal. Incubate at room temperature (25 $^{\circ}$ C) for 30 minutes with a plate cover seal. Aspirate the contents of each well. Wash each well 4 times by dispensing 350 $\mu$ L of diluted wash solution into each well.
  7. Add 100 $\mu$ L of the substrate into the microwells.
  8. Incubate at room temperature (25 $^{\circ}$ C) for 10-15 minutes and add 100 $\mu$ L of stop solution into each of the microwells.
  9. Read plate at 450 nm and 630 nm immediately after adding Stop solution. DO NOT exceed 5 minutes.

## references

1. YZumla, A., Chan, J. F. W. et al. (2016). Coronaviruses-drug discovery and therapeutic options. *Nat. Rev. Drug Discov.* 15, 327–347.
2. Penghui Yang, Xiliang Wang .(2020) COVID-19: A New Challenge for Human Beings, *Cell Mol Immunol.* 17(5):555-557.